

A 1.2V 130 μ A 10-bit MOS-Only Log-Domain $\Sigma\Delta$ Modulator

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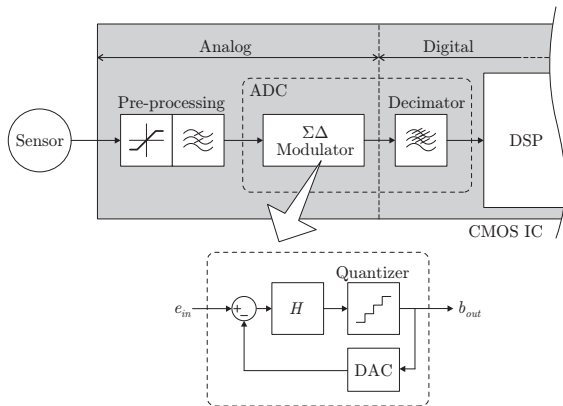
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- 1 Introduction
- 2 Log-Domain System Proposal
- 3 Low-Voltage All-MOS Building Blocks
- 4 Integration and Results
- 5 Conclusions

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Scenario



Digital compatibility

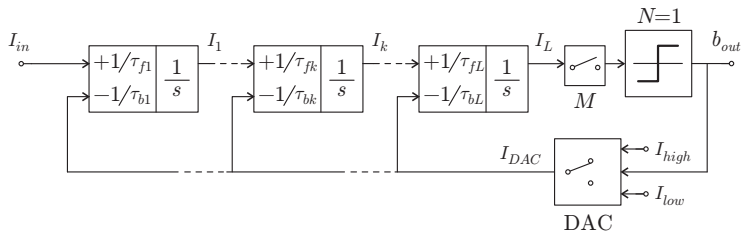
- ▶ Very **low-voltage** operation
- ▶ **Low-cost** CMOS process:
 - ✗ Double poly-Si cap
 - ✗ MIM cap

- ▶ Design **parameters**: L -order, M -oversampling and N -bit.

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Log-domain proposal

- Continuous-time **current-mode** processing:

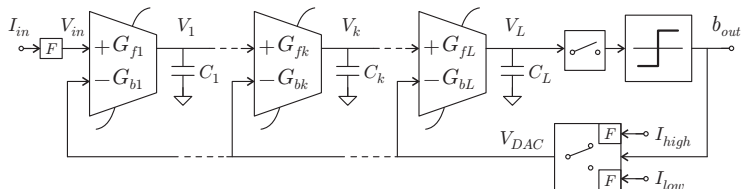


$$\frac{d\bar{I}_{SS}}{dt} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{\tau_{f2}} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{\tau_{fk}} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{\tau_{fL}} & 0 \end{bmatrix} \bar{I}_{SS} + \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\tau_{f1}} \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} I_{in} - \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\tau_{b1}} \\ \frac{1}{\tau_{b2}} \\ \frac{1}{\tau_{bk}} \\ \frac{1}{\tau_{bL}} \end{bmatrix} I_{DAC}$$

$$\bar{I}_{SS} = [I_1 I_2 \cdots I_k \cdots I_L]^T$$

Log-domain proposal

- ▶ Inner **voltage compression**: low-voltage & non-linear (**MOS**) cap



$$i = F(v) = e^v$$

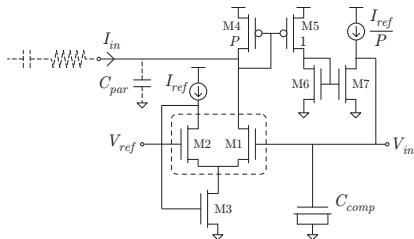
- ▶ Implemented operating MOSFET in **subthreshold** (w.i.sat.):

$$I_D = I_S e^{\frac{V_{GB} - V_{TO}}{nU_t}} e^{-\frac{V_{SB}}{U_t}} \quad I_S = 2n\beta \left(\frac{W}{L} \right) U_t^2$$

$$i = \frac{I_D}{I_S} \quad \xleftrightarrow{F} \quad v = \frac{V_{GB}}{nU_t}$$

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Input compressor



Note: dashed MOSFETs working in weak inversion.

- ▶ Reference levels: I_{ref} and V_{ref}
- ▶ **Low-impedance** input for optional linear V/I conversion
- ▶ Parasitic input cap **compensation:**

$$I = F(V) = I_{ref} e^{\frac{V - V_{ref}}{nU_t}} \quad I > 0$$

$$V_{in} = V_{ref} + nU_t \ln \left(\frac{I_{in}}{I_{ref}} + 1 \right) \quad |I_{in}| < I_{ref}$$

$$\zeta = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{PC_{comp}}{C_{par}}}$$

Differential integrator with built-in DAC

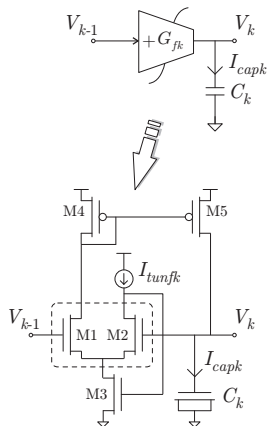
- ▶ **Single coefficient:**

$$\frac{dI_k}{dt} = \frac{1}{\tau_{fk}} I_{k-1} \quad \xleftrightarrow{F} \quad \frac{dV_k}{dt} = \frac{nU_t}{\tau_{fk}} e^{\frac{V_{k-1} - V_k}{nU_t}}$$

$$\frac{dQ_k}{dt} = \underbrace{C_k \frac{dV_k}{dt}}_{I_{capk}} = \underbrace{I_{tunfk} e^{\frac{V_{k-1} - V_k}{nU_t}}}_{G_{fk}}$$

- ▶ **Tuning parameter:**

$$I_{tunfk} = \frac{nU_t C_k}{\tau_{fk}}$$



- ▶ Voltage compression allows grounded **NMOS** capacitors

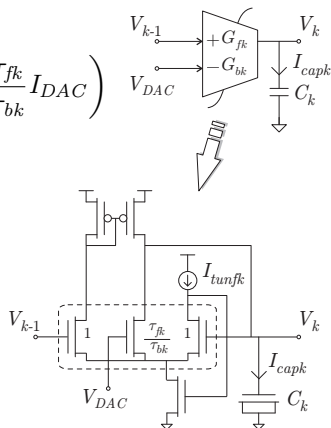
Differential integrator with built-in DAC

- **Multiple** coefficients:

$$\frac{dI_k}{dt} = \frac{1}{\tau_{fjk}} I_{k-1} - \frac{1}{\tau_{bkk}} I_{DAC} \equiv \frac{1}{\tau_{fjk}} \left(I_{k-1} - \frac{\tau_{fjk}}{\tau_{bkk}} I_{DAC} \right)$$

$$I_{capk} = I_{tunfjk} e^{-\frac{V_k}{nU_t}} \left(e^{\frac{V_{k-1}}{nU_t}} - \frac{\tau_{fjk}}{\tau_{bkk}} e^{\frac{V_{DAC}}{nU_t}} \right)$$

- Gain weight \equiv **geometrical ratio**
- Half circuit **shared** between integrator coefficients



Differential integrator with built-in DAC

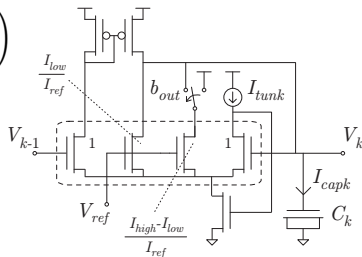
- ▶ In practice, $\tau_k \doteq \tau_{fk} \equiv \tau_{bk}$:

$$I_{capk} = I_{tunk} e^{\frac{-V_k}{nU_t}} \left(e^{\frac{V_{k-1}}{nU_t}} - e^{\frac{V_{low,high}}{nU_t}} \right) \quad b_{out} = 0, 1$$

- ▶ **Current switching DAC:**

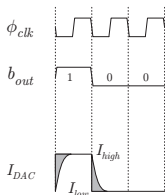
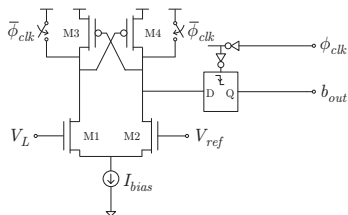
$$I_{capk} = I_{tunk} e^{\frac{-V_k}{nU_t}} \left(e^{\frac{V_{k-1}}{nU_t}} - \frac{I_{low,high}}{I_{ref}} e^{\frac{V_{ref}}{nU_t}} \right)$$

- ▶ **Fast settling time**
- ▶ **Low cross-talk**



Quantizer

► Equivalent 1-bit expander

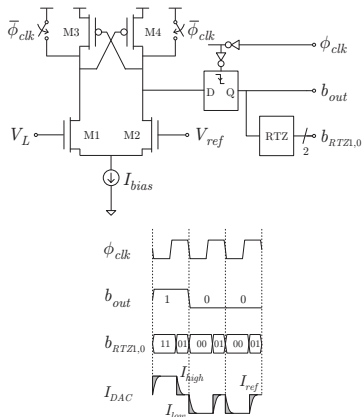


Waveform asymmetry

- Return-to-zero approach
- DAC implementation:

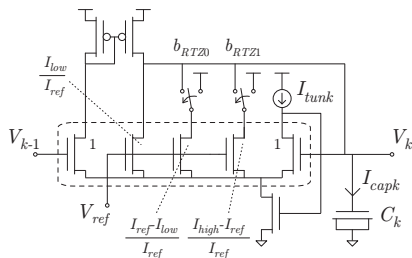
Quantizer

- Equivalent 1-bit **expander**



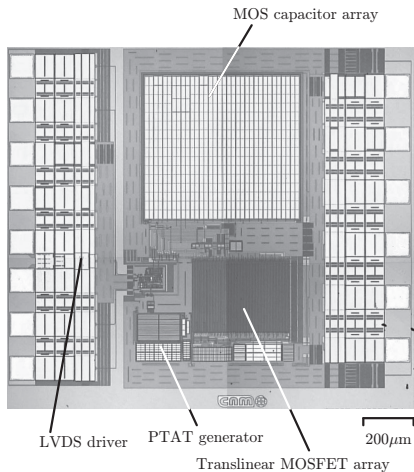
Waveform asymmetry

- **Return-to-zero** approach
- **DAC** implementation:



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CMOS integration



- ▶ **4th-order 64-times 1-bit** $\Sigma\Delta$ topology
- ▶ **PTAT** reference for I_{tunk}
- ▶ **LVDS** out for low bulk-noise
- ▶ Core size:
 $700\mu\text{m} \times 1150\mu\text{m}$ (**0.8mm^2**)
- ▶ **$0.35\mu\text{m}$ 1-polySi 3-metal digital CMOS** technology

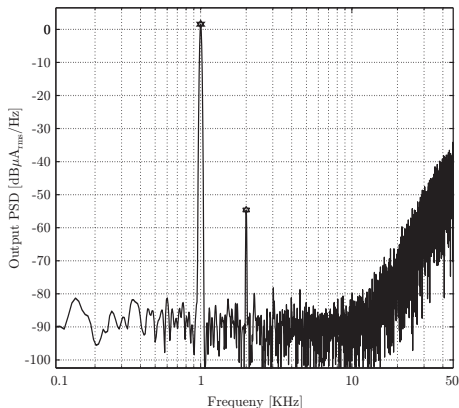
Results

► Design parameters:

V_{ref}	0.7 V
I_{ref}	7 μ A
$I_{low,high}$	1, 13 μ A
$I_{tun1,2,3,4}$	7, 1, 1, 1 μ A
$C_{1,2,3,4}$	1052, 150, 60, 60 pF
$(W/L)_{trans}$	$\frac{I_D}{\mu A} \times \frac{273}{1.5} \frac{\mu m}{\mu m}$

- Sampled-time optimal coefficients
- 1MHz sampling frequency
- High-value MOS capacitors

► Experimental PSD:

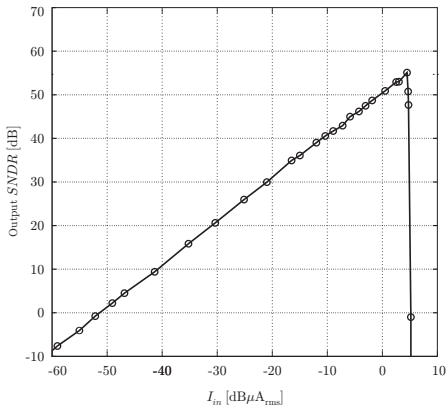


Half full-scale ($1.2\mu A_p$) & 33% RTZ



Results

► Experimental DR:



1kHz input & 8kHz bandwidth

► Performance:

Input full-scale	2.2 μ A $_p$
Input bandwidth	8 kHz
Sampling frequency	1 MHz
DAC RTZ code	33 %
Dynamic range	9-10 bit
Supply voltage	1.2 V
$V_{TON+} V_{TOP} $	1.2 V
Power consumption	160 μ W
Silicon core area	0.8 mm 2

- Better results in short due to lab update

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Conclusions

- ▶ Novel **low-voltage MOS-only** $\Sigma\Delta$ Modulator
- ▶ **Log-domain & subthreshold** MOSFET based
- ▶ Circuit implementation for all **building blocks**
- ▶ Demonstrator in $0.35\mu\text{m}$ **1-polySi digital** CMOS technology